

TINIAN ISLAND

Tinian Island is a small island in the Pacific Ocean, less than 40 square miles, a flat green dot in the vastness of Pacific blue. Fly over it and you notice a slash across its north end of uninhabited bush, a long thin line that looks like an overgrown dirt runway. If you didn't know what it was, you wouldn't give it a second glance out your airplane window.

On the ground, you see the runway isn't dirt but tarmac and crushed limestone, abandoned with weeds sticking out of it. Yet this is arguably the most historical airstrip on earth. This is where World War II was won.

This is Runway Able

On July 24, 1944, 30,000 US Marines landed on the beaches of Tinian. Eight days later, over 8,000 of the 8,800 Japanese soldiers on the island were dead (vs. 328 Marines) and four months later the Seabees had built the busiest airfield of WWII - dubbed North Field - enabling B-29 Super Fortresses to launch air attacks on the Philippines, Okinawa and mainland Japan.

Late in the afternoon of August 5, 1945, a B-29 was maneuvered over a bomb-loading pit. Then after lengthy preparations, taxied to the east end of North Field's main runway, Runway Able, and at 0245hrs in the early morning darkness of August 6, took off. The B-29 was piloted by Col. Paul Tibbets of the U.S. Army Air Force, who had named the plane after his mother, Enola Gay. The crew named the bomb they were carrying Little Boy. Six hours later at 0845 Japan time, the first atomic bomb was dropped on Hiroshima.

Three days later, in the pre-dawn hours of August 9, a B-29 named Bockscar (a pun on "boxcar" after its Flight Commander Capt. Fred Bock), piloted by Major Charles Sweeney, took off from Runway Able. Finding its primary target of Kokura obscured by clouds, Sweeney proceeded to the secondary target of Nagasaki, over which, at 1101hrs, Bombardier Kermit Beahan released the atomic bomb dubbed Fat Man.

The attached pictures show where World War II ended with total victory of America over Japan.

When many people think of Hiroshima and Nagasaki, they reflect on the numbers of lives killed in the nuclear blasts - at least 70,000 and 50,000 respectively. What they should remember is the number of lives saved - how many more Japanese and Americans would have died in a continuation of the war had the nuclear weapons not been dropped.

Yet that is not all. It's not just that the bombs eliminated the need for Operation Downfall, the US invasion of Japan. Had Operation Downfall proceeded, it would have caused upwards of a million American and Japanese deaths or more. It's that nuking Hiroshima and Nagasaki were of extraordinary humanitarian benefit to the nation and people of Japan.

Here's why: consider the nearby island of Saipan. Saipan is less than a mile north of Tinian. The month before the Marines took Tinian, on June 15, 1944, 71,000 Marines landed on Saipan. They faced 31,000 Japanese soldiers determined not to surrender. Japan had colonized Saipan after World War I and turned the island into a giant sugar cane plantation. By the time of the Marine invasion, in addition to the 31,000 entrenched soldiers, some 25,000 Japanese settlers were living on Saipan, plus thousands more Okinawans, Koreans and native islanders brutalized as slaves to cut the sugar cane. There were also one or two thousand Korean "comfort women" (kanjiin Japanese), abducted young women from Japan's colony of Korea to service the Japanese soldiers as sex slaves. (See *The Comfort Women: Japan's Brutal Regime of Enforced Prostitution in the Second World War*, by George Hicks.)

Within a week of their landing, the Marines set up a civilian prisoner encampment that quickly attracted a couple of thousand Japanese and others wanting US food and protection. When word of this reached Emperor Hirohito - who contrary to the myth was in full charge of the war - he became alarmed that radio interviews of the well-treated prisoners broadcast to Japan would subvert his people's will to fight.

As meticulously documented by historian Herbert Bix in *Hirohito and the Making of Modern Japan*, the Emperor issued an order for all Japanese civilians on Saipan to commit suicide. The order included the promise that, although the civilians were of low caste, their suicide would grant them a status in heaven equal to those honored soldiers who died in combat for their Emperor.

And that is why the precipice in the picture above is known as Suicide Cliff, off which over 20,000 Japanese civilians jumped to their deaths to comply with their fascist Emperor's desire – mothers flinging their babies off the cliff first or in their arms as they jumped. Anyone reluctant or refused, such as the Okinawan or Korean slaves, were shoved off at gunpoint by the Jap soldiers. Then the soldiers themselves proceeded to hurl themselves into the ocean to drown off a sea cliff afterwards called Banzai Cliff. Of the 31,000 Japanese soldiers on Saipan, the Marines killed 25,000, 5,000 jumped off Banzai Cliff, and only the remaining 1,000 were taken prisoner.

The extent of this demented fanaticism is very hard for any civilized mind to fathom - especially when it is devoted not to anything noble but barbarian evil instead. The vast brutalities inflicted by the Japanese on their conquered and colonized peoples of China, Korea, the Philippines and throughout their "Greater East Asia Co-Prosperity Sphere" was a hideously depraved horror. And they were willing to fight to the death to defend it. The only way to put an end to the Japanese barbarian horror was unimaginably colossal destruction against which they had no defense whatever. Dropping nuclear weapons on Japan was not a matter of justice, revenge or it getting what it deserved. It was the only way to end the Japanese dementia without a costly invasion.

In the final analysis, it worked and favored the Japanese. Their barbarian behavior of the government and the military was stopped. They achieved more prosperity – and peace - than they ever knew or could have achieved had they continued fighting. The shock of dropping nuclear weapons with a force that the entire world had never seen before is responsible. We achieved this because we were determined to achieve victory. A victory without apologies. America has never apologized for nuking Japan.

Hopefully, America never will.



Northern Mariana – note Tinian & Saipan Islands



Aerial View – Runway Able



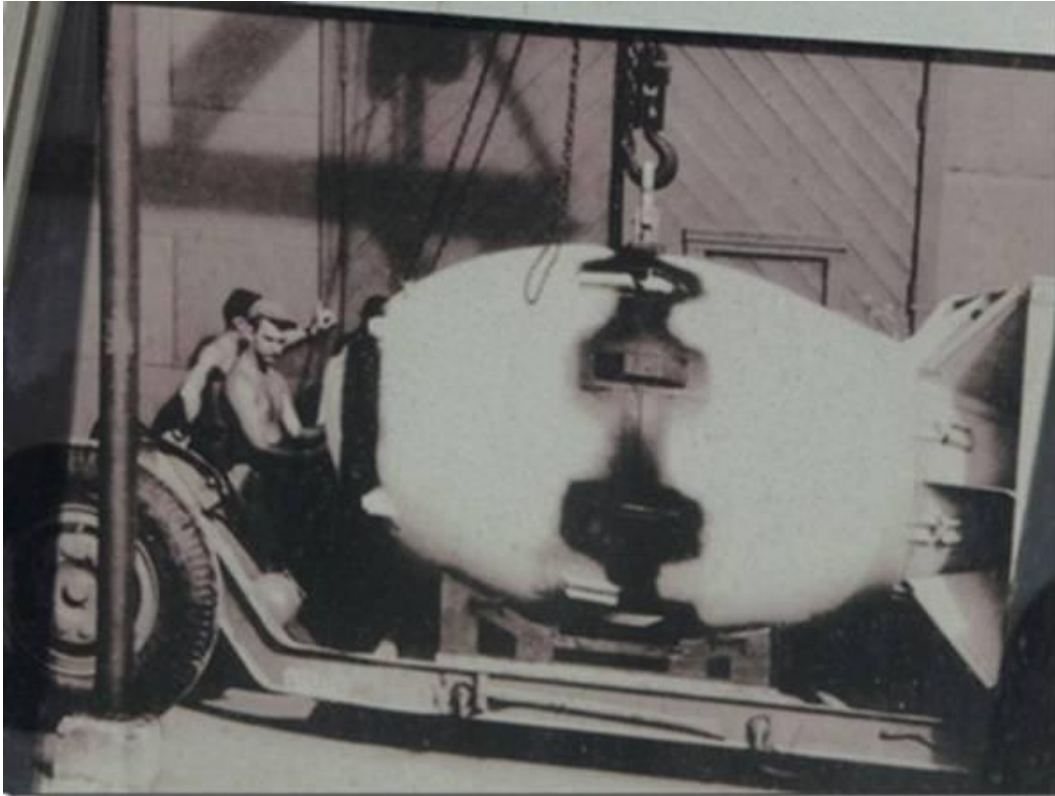
Runway Able – Tinian Island



Runway Able - Today



**Atomic Bomb Pit #1 – Where "Little Boy" was loaded
on the Enola Gay**



**Atomic Bomb Pit #2 – "Fat Boy" is being loaded
on "Bock's Car"**



Banzai Cliff – where civilians were ordered to commit suicide rather than surrender to US troops